

Real World HTML: Rounded Corners Box

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In our last "[Real World HTML](#)" entry, we handled [a funny joining of graphical lines](#). This time we need to handle some rounded corner boxes sitting on a gradient.

Before we go on, let's take a look at the box.

Login Box:

Whenever I sit a non-square shape on top of a gradient, I like to use a transparent PNG. This ensures that if the shape doesn't sit exactly where I expected (for whatever reason) or if the gradient needs to change, then it still looks good.

Whenever I have a rounded box like this, I also like to use a technique inspired by "[Sliding Door of CSS](#)", wherein I cut the box into two images: One has everything except the bottom part where it starts to curve and the other has everything except the same part on top. Then I nest two divs and each uses one of those images as a background - add a little padding and it all works well. It effectively nearly doubles my available height without returning to the designer.

I don't like to use two divs next to each other for this purpose, because a few times I have run into a gap between the divs because of a margin of a nested element.

This approach does not work with transparent PNGs, however, as the partial transparencies add up.

What Did I Do?

I hate to admit it, but I punted a bit on this one. I just used a single transparent PNG fixing my available size for the login box.

```
<div id="login">
  <div id="login-space">
    <h2>Login</h2>
    <form>
      ...
    </form>
    <p class="login-forgot"><a href="">Retrieve password</a></p>
```

```

</div>
</div>

```

```

#login {
  background-image:url(i/login.png);
  background-position:top center;
  background-repeat:no-repeat;
  width:246px;
  height:187px;
}
#login-space {
  padding:15px 15px;
}

```

What Should I have Done?

What I should have done (and what I did do on a similar project not much later) was go ahead and use adjacent (instead of nested) divs. It gets all the advantages listed above with the only caveat being that I have to ensure I don't get messed up by a positive margin in a containing element - pretty easy to do really.

```

<div id="login">
  <div id="login-space">
    <h2>Login</h2>
    <form>
      ...
    </form>
    <p class="login-forgot"><a href="">Retrieve password</a></p>
  </div>
</div>
<div id="login-foot"></div>

```

```

#login {
  background-image:url(i/login-top.png);
  background-position:top center;
  background-repeat:no-repeat;
  width:246px;
  min-height:167px;
}
#login-space {
  padding:15px 15px;
}
#login-foot {
  background-image:url(i/login-bottom.png);
  background-position:bottom center;
  background-repeat:no-repeat;
  width:246px;
  height:20px;
}

```

What Next?

We are almost done with this site! The only thing after this is the printable style sheet.

